## **STAT 3008**

Homework 2

Due date: 5pm, Oct 15(Wednesday). Assignment Box at LSB 1/F.

Datasets are available at the website of the textbook: Applied Linear Regression, 3rd edition by Weisberg.

1. Show that for simple linear regression,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \bar{y})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2$$

2. Given observations  $(x_i, y_i)$  for i = 1, 2, ...n, consider the regression model

$$y = \beta + \beta x + e$$
,  $e \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$ 

(note that they share the same  $\beta$ ).

- i) Find the estimators for  $\beta$  and  $\sigma^2$ , i.e.  $\hat{\beta}$  and  $\hat{\sigma}^2$ .
- ii) Find the mean and variance of  $\hat{\beta}$ .
- iii) Find the mean of  $\hat{\sigma}^2$ .
- iv) What can you say about  $\hat{\beta}$  when  $n \to \infty$ ? (Hint: What's the variance of  $\hat{\beta}$  when  $n \to \infty$ ?)
- v) Does the fitted regression line pass through  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ ? Is the sum of residuals equals zero?
- 3. Use the dataset htwt.txt, consider simple linear regression with Wt as dependent variable (response) and Ht as independent variable (predictor).
  - i) Test the effect of Ht on Wt using a t-test.
  - ii) Test the effect of Ht on Wt using an ANOVA table with F-test.
  - iii) Find the 95% confidence interval for E(Wt|Ht = 160). Draw it.
  - iv) Find the 90% simultaneous confidence band for E(Wt|Ht). Draw it.
  - v) Find the 99% prediction interval for a new observations at Ht = 160.
  - vi) Draw a residual plot. Is the regression a good fit?

4. Let

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad Y = \begin{pmatrix} Y_1\\Y_2\\Y_3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad E(Y) = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-1\\5 \end{pmatrix}, \quad Var(Y) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0\\-1 & 1 & 0\\0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Find  $X(X'X)^{-1}X'$ ,  $(X'X)^{-1}X'Y$ ,  $X(X'X)^{-1}X'Y$  and  $\bar{Y}$ , in terms of  $Y_1, Y_2, Y_3$ .
- (ii) Base on (i), is "Taking sample mean" the same as "Regression using constant term only"?
- (iii) Let  $H = X(X'X)^{-1}X'$ . Express Y'(1-H)Y in terms of  $Y_1, Y_2, Y_3$ . Then find E(Y'(1-H)Y).
- (iv) Using the fact that E(X'AX) = E[tr(X'AX)] = tr[AE(XX')], find E(Y'(I-H)Y).
- (v) Repeat (iii) and (iv) using  $Var(Y) = I_3$ .
- 5. Let Y = (21, 25, 19, 34, 36, 36, 24, 10)', X1 = (3, 9, 4, 3, 7, 9, 4, 1)', X2 = (3, 9, 4, 3, 7, 9, 4, 2)'. Consider a multiple linear regression with an intercept term.
  - (i) Using matrix methods find a) $(X'X)^{-1}$ , b)  $\hat{\beta}$ , c) $\hat{\mathbf{e}}$ , d) $H = X(X'X)^{-1}X'$ , e) SYY, f) SSReg, g)RSS, h) $\hat{\sigma}^2$ ,i) $\hat{Y}$ , j)  $R^2$ .
  - (ii) Find the variance-covariance matrix of  $\hat{\beta}$  in terms of  $\sigma$ . Note that  $\sigma$  is an unknown parameter. How do you estimate this matrix from the data?
  - (iii) What is the variance-covariance matrix of  $\beta$  (not  $\hat{\beta}$ )?
  - (iv) Find the mean of  $\hat{\sigma}^2$  in terms of  $\sigma$ .
  - (v) Estimate  $Var(\hat{Y})$ . Are  $Y_i$ s independent? Are  $\hat{Y}_i$ s independent?
  - (vi) Write an ANOVA table to test the effect of the regression.
  - (vii) At the point (X1, X2) = (12, -2), estimate E(Y|X1, X2) and
    - a) 90% confidence interval for the fitted value of (X1, X2).
    - b) 95% prediction interval for a new observation of (X1, X2).

Will you trust the estimates? Why?